Quick Sort – Descending Initialization

* The 11 data points indicate an O(n2) relationship between list length and sorting time. The relation between length of list and time can be modeled by n\*log2(n)/340194666.03
* Prediction for the time required for Quick Sort to sort descending (reverse sorted) list of length 10,000,000,000: y(10000000000)=976.48 seconds or 16.27 minutes

